

1 次の(1)～(10)の英文中の空所（ ）に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選び、解答用紙の所定の箇所にマークしなさい。

① My friends ([1]) me to join them for a fun day at the beach.

- ① urged ② improved ③ survived ④ doubted

(2) She has a strange ([2]) to predict the weather accurately without using any instruments.

- ① wage ② passenger ③ ability ④ shame

(3) The bus was late, but we waited ([3]) at the bus stop.

- ① patiently ② strictly ③ roughly ④ rapidly

(4) I was ([4]) to leave the house when I realized I had forgotten my wallet.

- ① away ② over ③ only ④ about

(5) Nobody ([5]) his name, but everyone recognizes his friendly face.

- ① know ② knows ③ is knowing ④ is known

(6) It ([6]) that bees communicate with each other through dances.

- ① amazes ② amazed ③ is amazing ④ is amazed

(7) I'll never forget ([7]) my favorite singer after yesterday's concert.

- ① talking ② talking to ③ to talk ④ to talk to

(8) I love the taste of potatoes ([8]) in this way.

- ① cooking ② cooked ③ that cooking ④ that cooked

(9) It was very cold outside, but ([9]) brave children still played in the snow.

- ① no ② much ③ few ④ a few

(10) The queen ([10]) on September 8, 2022, at the age of 96.

- ① death ② dead ③ die ④ died

2 次の(1)～(6)の日本語の意味を表す最も適当な英文になるように、下の語（句）を並べかえて空所を補うとき、[11]～[16]に入れるものを下の①～⑤のうちから一つずつ選び、解答用紙の所定の箇所にマークしなさい。ただし、文頭に使う語も小文字で与えられています。

(1) なぜパーティーに赤いドレスを選んだのですか。

_____ [11] _____ for the party?

- ① choose ② made ③ the red dress ④ you ⑤ what

(2) 2年間のインドでの生活で、彼はすっかり変わってしまいました。

_____ [12] _____ completely.

- ① him ② in India ③ his ④ changed ⑤ two years

(3) 少女は手に何かを持って私に近づいてきました。

The girl approached _____ [13] _____.

- ① her hand ② something ③ me ④ in ⑤ with

(4) 私たちが知らなかったのは、その店は日曜日は早く閉店するということでした。

_____ [14] _____ the store closed early on Sundays.

- ① what ② that ③ we ④ was ⑤ didn't know

(5) プロジェクトが失敗した理由は何ですか。

What _____ [15] _____?

- ① to ② of ③ led ④ the project ⑤ the failure

(6) 家庭環境は子どもの発達に大きな影響を及ぼします。

Home environment _____ [16] _____ a child.

- ① of ② has ③ on
④ a great influence ⑤ the development

3 次の(1)～(6)の会話の空所（ ）に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選び、解答用紙の所定の箇所にマークしなさい。

(1) A: Hey, how was your day?

B: It was pretty good, thanks! ([17]) How about you?

A: That's great to hear. I was busy all day with housework.

- ① I'm visiting my mother tomorrow.
- ② Unfortunately, nothing went well.
- ③ I wasted a lot of time because of the heavy traffic.
- ④ I got a lot of work done today.

(2) A: What time is your flight?

B: It takes off at 8:50.

A: ([18])

B: Well, it takes about three hours, so just before noon.

- ① Did you enjoy the air travel?
- ② How long have you waited?
- ③ What time will it arrive in Tokyo?
- ④ Can I drive you to the airport?

(3) A: I really enjoy hiking in the mountains.

B: ([19]) The fresh air is fantastic.

A: It's such a peaceful experience, isn't it?

- ① So am I.
- ② So do I.
- ③ Nor am I.
- ④ Nor do I.

(4) A: You were walking in the park this morning, right?

B: What time?

A: Around 8.

B: ([20]) I was at work at that time.

- ① You can't have seen me.
- ② I usually get up before 8.
- ③ The park is beautiful now.
- ④ I was walking my dog.

(5) A: You don't look well. ([21])

B: I've been having a terrible headache all day. It just won't go away.

A: Maybe you should take a break and rest.

- ① What does the doctor say?
- ② When did the headache start?
- ③ How long do you think it will last?
- ④ What seems to be the problem?

(6) A: Do you play any musical instruments?

B: Yeah, I play the guitar. It's a lot of fun.

A: That's cool! ([22])

B: You should give it a try. It's not too hard to get started.

- ① I've always wanted to learn.
- ② I play the guitar, too.
- ③ I enjoy playing the piano.
- ④ I love listening to jazz.

4 以下の英文の空所（ ）に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選び、解答用紙の所定の箇所にマークしなさい。

Kiribati is a tiny nation of many islands in the middle of the vast Pacific Ocean. It has been the home of the I-Kiribati people since ancient times. But the islands of Kiribati are very flat — no hills or mountains — and as sea levels slowly rise around the world, these islands are gradually ([23]).

Over the centuries, the I-Kiribati have ([24]) the ocean. They are experts at fishing, and have long understood the moods of the water as it changes throughout the year. They even catch food on the beaches, collecting cockles and sea snails to cook in the coconut shell over a smoky fire.

But now, as the world's climate begins to change, the ocean is ([25]). Storms bring high tides, eating away at* their coastline*, washing over* their land, and bringing salt to the water they drink. This salt ([26]) their drinking water, but the water they use for their crops, too. These include breadfruit, bananas, and the all-important* bwabwai, which is central to Kiribati culture and eaten at all the major feasts*. It may well disappear completely from Kiribati.

(*Pleasure in Reading and Retelling*, 金星堂)

(注) eat away at ～: ～を侵食する coastline: 海岸線 wash over ～: ～に打ち寄せる
all-important: きわめて重要な feast: 祝祭

- [23] ① increasing in size ② expanding into the ocean
 ③ disappearing under water ④ showing positive changes

[24] ① established a powerful bond with ② continued to pollute
 ③ had nothing to do with ④ had almost no interest in

[25] ① making the people wealthier ② bringing the people more benefits
 ③ getting calmer and calmer ④ no longer so friendly

[26] ① affects not just ② never affects
 ③ is unlikely to affect ④ hardly affects

5 以下の英文を読み、各設問に答えなさい。

When you hear the word “home,” you probably think of the place you are living in right now. Maybe it is an apartment, a single house, or a two-story house. Maybe it is made of wood or stone. You may think houses are rather normal buildings, but some houses around the world are rather unique!

The Bedouin people of the Middle East and North Africa live in interesting homes. The Bedouin people live in the desert, and they move around without staying to live in one place very long. So, they live in tents that are made of animal hair. The tents are easy to put up and take down when they move from place to place. In a similar way, a group of Mongolian people of the Gobi Desert also live in tents rather than buildings. These homes, called “ger” homes, are also made of animal hair, but they are round instead of square like Bedouin tents.

Before people made the first tents, they lived in caves. Some people in the southern part of Spain live in caves today, too! They call these cave homes “cuebas.” These caves keep the house cool during the summer and warm during the winter.

Another type of home is the “igloo” used by the Inuit people of Canada and Greenland. Igloos are normally made of ice and snow. The igloo protects the people from the wind as well as keeps them warm. In fact, the temperature inside an igloo can even reach 16° C just from body heat alone.

The Bagabao people of the Philippines used to live in what may be a childhood dream of some — a treehouse! These tree houses were built so that the people could watch for enemies and protect themselves from wild and dangerous animals. (A), the people could stay cool in their treehouses during the hot summer season. (B) the Bagabao people don’t live in these treehouses anymore, they still use things like them for resting and for meeting people.

If you ever get the chance, be sure to check out different homes of different cultures!

(*Timed Reading for Fluency 3*, Seed Learning, Inc.)

(1) 空所 (A), (B) に入る語句の組み合わせとして最も適当なものを次の①～④のうちから一つ選び、その番号を解答用紙の所定の箇所にマークしなさい。解答番号は [27]

- ① (A) In addition (B) Although
- ② (A) In addition (B) Until
- ③ (A) However (B) Although
- ④ (A) However (B) Until

(2) 本文の内容にしたがって、次の (A)～(D) の空所 () に入れるのに最も適当なものをそれぞれ下の ①～④のうちから一つずつ選び、解答用紙の所定の箇所にマークしなさい。解答番号は [28] ～ [31]

(A) The passage is about ([28]).

- ① life in developing countries
- ② where to find good places to live
- ③ unusual tribes around the world
- ④ unique homes in the world

(B) The Bedouin people ([29]).

- ① live in square tents
- ② live in one place for many years
- ③ have a close relationship with Mongolian people
- ④ have difficulty living in the desert

(C) Cuebas ([30])

- ① are similar to tents in many ways
- ② are built outside caves
- ③ are comfortable to live in in terms of temperature
- ④ are used only in the summer and winter

(D) The Bagabao people's tree houses ([31]).

- ① were usually made of animal hair
- ② were built in order to enjoy watching animals
- ③ helped to keep them safe from danger
- ④ were a little dangerous to live in

(3) 本文の内容に一致するものを次の①～⑦のうちから三つ選び、その番号をすべて解答用紙の所定の箇所にマークしなさい。解答番号は [32]

- ① The Bedouin people don't need much time and effort to set up their tents.
- ② The Bedouin people's tents and "ger" homes are made of very different materials.
- ③ Tents began to be used as homes earlier than caves.
- ④ Now, there are no people who live in caves.
- ⑤ The inside of igloos can be warmed without fire if there are people there.
- ⑥ The writer implies that some young people love the idea of living in a treehouse.
- ⑦ The writer has the experience of living in tents and caves.